

# Report of the ALiSEA Network General Assembly Workshop in Vietnam

Hanoi, 29 November 2022



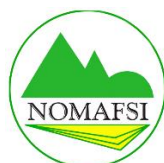
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The General Assembly is ALiSEA's annual event through which its members can review the progress of the network and provide their feedback to ensure that the network is working in the right direction that would benefit each member. The National General Assembly is a crucial moment to gather all members in-person, to discuss strategy and priorities issues, to learn from each other and exchanges on the future of the network.

The workshop was co-organized on November 29, 2022 by GRET, Vietnam Rural Development Science Association (PHANO), Center for Agricultural Research and Ecological Studies (CARES), Northern Mountainous Agriculture and Forestry Science Institute (NOMAFSI), and The Consultative Institute for Socio-economic Development of Rural and Mountainous Areas (CISDOMA), as part of the ASSET project funded by the French Agency for Development (AFD), the European Union (EU), and the French Facility for Global Environment (FFEM).

## 1. Workshop Objectives and Participants

The National General Assembly aims to present the key achievements of the network in 2022, consult members on internal structuration and discuss the main action plan for the network in 2023 (see the workshop agenda in annex 1). The main activities include following:

1. To welcome the new national secretariat and new members of 2022;
2. To present and share ALiSEA progress activities of 2022 and updates on granted organizations of the call for proposal 2022 from ALiSEA Small Grant Facility;
3. To consult members on the different scenarios of the internal structuration;
4. To present and consult members on the ALiSEA Communication Strategy and Action plan;
5. To share the results of the national foresight and theory of change workshop (held in October, 2022) and consult members on the main action for 2023.

The event brought together 30 participants, including 14 women, working in the field of agroecology across the country, from national and international non-governmental organizations, farmers' organizations, private sectors, and academic and government institutions (see participants list in Annex 2).

| Participants                      | Number    | %   |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----|
| Farmer Organization               | 3         | 10% |
| National NGO/ NPA                 | 8         | 27% |
| International NGO                 | 5         | 17% |
| Private Sector/ Social Enterprise | 2         | 6%  |
| Research/ University              | 12        | 40% |
| <b>Total:</b>                     | <b>30</b> |     |

## 2. Introduction Session

The workshop began with the opening remarks and warm welcome from the Assoc. Dr. Dao The Anh, Deputy Director of the Vietnam Academy of Agricultural Sciences. He stressed that

He also pointed that “agroecology is not a new field. Many studies and techniques have existed for decades but have not been widely disseminated. Therefore, the ALiSEA Network was born with the goal of gathering, sharing knowledge, experience and socializing the knowledge of agroecology in Southeast Asia. In Vietnam, there are 46 members in 2022 and more are expected in the future”.

The network warmly welcomed the new National Secretariat, Mr. Nguyen Tien Da from PHANO, who took up this position on 1<sup>st</sup> November 2022 and the three (3) new organizations that joined the network in 2022, including:

- **Bio-Organic Technology Centre of Research, Transfer and Service (BIO – TCORTS)**, Address: House No 3-06, Trung Van Road, Trung Van Ward, Nam Tu Liem Dist., Hanoi, Vietnam; Sector: Non-Governmental Organization (NGO/ NPA), Focus sector: Action-research, marketing, research and develop bio- products, training, transfer of bio- technology.
- **Mekong Organic**; Address: 35 Victor Chang Street, Macgregor, Canberra ACT, Australia; Sector: Non-Governmental Organization (NGO/ NPA); Focus sector: Agroecological production systems and practices, Farmers organization, value chain development, natural resource, management nutrition, gender, youth.
- **Department of Experimental Methods and Biostatistics, Faculty of Agronomy, Vietnam National University of Agriculture**; Address: Trau Quy, Gia Lam, Hanoi; Sector: Institute; Focus sector: Extraction of bioactive compounds from plant origin materials and application in processing of functional foods; Quality systems for fresh fruit and vegetables; Technological solutions to reduce postharvest losses of agricultural products.

As of the meeting day 29 November 2022, ALiSEA Vietnam has 46 members that are from farmer organizations, government institutions, networks, NGOs, private sector, research and university institutions.

| Sector                | Nb in 2018 | Nb in 2019 | Nb in 2020 | Nb in 2021 | Nb in 2022 |
|-----------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Farmer Organizations  | 2          | 2          | 2          | 2          | 2          |
| Network               | 1          | 1          | 1          | 1          | 1          |
| NGO/NPA               | 15         | 15         | 15         | 17         | 18         |
| Private sector        | 2          | 3          | 3          | 3          | 4          |
| Research & University | 19         | 19         | 19         | 19         | 21         |
| <b>TOTAL</b>          | <b>39</b>  | <b>40</b>  | <b>40</b>  | <b>42</b>  | <b>46</b>  |

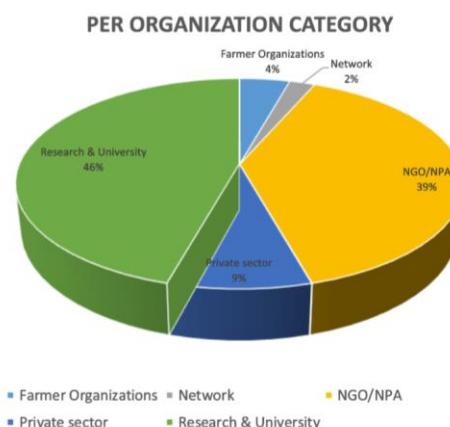


Figure 1: List of ALiSEA members in Vietnam at the end of December 2022

The ALiSEA main achievements in 2022 and progress activities are summarized as follows:

*Current structure and set up*

- **In Vietnam**, establishing the organizational structure of Board Members (BM) that include 5 members: Mr. Nguyen Tien Da – PHANO/ National Secretariat, Mr. Do Trong Hieu – NOMAFSI/ Theory of Change and Monitoring & Evaluation; Ms. Doan Thu Thuy – CISDOMA/ Knowledge Management; Dr. Nguyen Van Kien – Climate Change Institute/ Small Grant; and Dr. Pham Van Hoi – CARES/ Policy Dialogue.
- **In the region**, establishing the organizational structure of BM in all three countries (Vietnam, Laos, and Cambodia) and the regional coordination facilitated by GRET based in Laos. The mission of BM at country level is to promote the network and facilitate General Assembly, support building a shared vision, and develop national strategy and action plan.

*Improving ALiSEA website into Knowledge Hub*

Mediaseeds led the assessment of end-users need from the developing the methodology and guidelines to conducting a survey of 20 interviews in Vietnam. As a result, there is a need for an interactive platform for exchange among the members; agroecology expert contacts and training modules; capitalization of experiences, lessons learnt, testimonies (photos, videos, case studies); mapping agroecology initiatives; and national and regional analysis of agroecology transition.

*Consultation on agroecology concept and principles*

The consultation is to formulate the agroecology in principles and the relations to food system in Vietnam, and share the network's values in a common understanding. Some topics were identified during the consultation such as Agricultural systems connected to urban areas, Rice based systems in lowlands, and crop-livestock-forest integration in uplands.

*National foresight and theory of change workshop*

The workshop hold in October is to engage key stakeholders in agroecology and guide the ALiSEA action plan at country level. The workshop mapped the future of the agricultural and food systems at the Vietnamese condition and the potential association with agroecology in driving changes towards sustainability.



### *Small grant facility*

Small grant facility is to support agroecology initiatives of ALiSEA members and foster the partnership. In Vietnam, three (3) proposals were selected in the round of 2022 as follows:

- Strengthening community capacity in monitoring pesticides use and promoting agroecology for a non-toxic environment; Organization: CGFED; Location: Nam Dinh; Period: 12 months.
- Supporting the transition towards more diversified farming systems by developing experimental cultivation of native medical herbs and edible herbs on upland farming area; Organization: SPERI; Location: Kon Tum; Period: 14 months.
- Eco-weed control: A participatory experiment on PGS organic vegetable farms; Organization: CARES; Location: Hanoi and Hoa Binh; Period: 12 months.

### *Main actions in 2023*

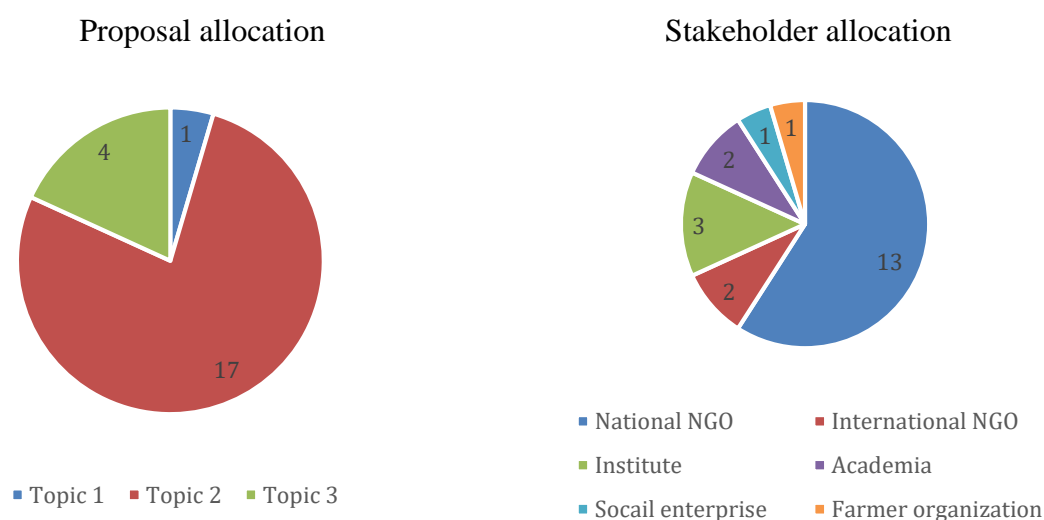
The network intends to focus on the following activities:

- Foster networking and interactions among members
- Improve communication strategy and tools
- Document agroecological initiatives (case studies, videos, etc.)
- Small grant facility to support members and boost innovations

## **3. Regional and National Results of the 2022 Small Grant Call**

The 2022 call focused on 3 topics: (i) assess the impact and effect of public policy supporting agroecology and food systems at multiple levels; (ii) test and support agroecology innovations (technical, social, economic, organizational and institutional); and (iii) evaluate the performance and impacts of agricultural and food systems of ALiSEA members' field initiatives.

The regional board received 22 proposals in total, of which 9 from Laos, 7 from Vietnam, and 6 from Cambodia. The proposals seem unbalanced because most of them focus on topic No. 2. The proposal organizations were also unbalanced because half of them are NGOs. Finally, based on the criteria, the regional board selected 2 proposals from Laos, 3 proposals from Vietnam, and 2 proposals from Cambodia.



Lessons learned from the 2022 Small Grant will be used to develop the 2023 call for proposals. For instance, it takes time to develop partnership for the proposals and to complete the proposals from writing the concept notes to submitting a full proposal.

For the national small grant session, the representatives of CGFED, SPERI and CARES briefly presented their proposals. After each presentation, the participants discussed and clarified issues related to the proposal as well as provided suggestions for improvement. Summary of the objectives of the selected proposals is following:

- CGFED's proposal is to train for women's groups on CPAM tools (Community Based Pesticide Action Monitoring) in monitoring pesticide use and biodiversity observation as well as gender equality and women's leadership.
- SPERI's proposal is to develop a model covering 2-3 ha in changing the crop structure towards diversity, support local citizen in developing knowledge and skills, support local authorities to promote conversion from monoculture to diversified farming.
- CARES's proposal is to increase farmers' labor day income through enhancing crop growth and suppressing weeds by apply good nursery practice and mulching with crop residuals.

For the next call for proposals in 2023, the participants agreed that the topics should be based on the national Theory of Change and the General Assembly results. In Vietnam, the 2023 call for proposals is expected from members to focus on, but not be limited to the following topics:

- Consumer demand for healthy food
- Available labor force for agriculture
- Government policy to support agroecology

#### **4. ALiSEA Internal Structure and Organization**

ALiSEA national board members has been created and operating since 1.5 year (April, 2021). Therefore, it was suggested to draw lessons learned and discuss the potential needs for internal restructuring to find the most suitable structure towards collaboration and network. This process on internal structuration is conducted by a participatory approach and proceed step-by-step. The workshop agreed with the results from the online consultation hold in July 2022 for the following membership criteria:

- Type of stakeholders: Farmer's cooperatives, union and federations; CSOs (local and international NGOs), consumers association, networks; Research centers and universities; Private sector; Government agencies responsible for agriculture, fishery, livestock, forestry and rural development.
- Geographical area: Greater Mekong Sub-region.
- Member's pledge: To respect ALiSEA charter (vision, mission, and objectives) and actively engage in promoting agroecology.
- Voluntary basis.

Following the presentation, all participants were asked to vote for the below four points with the answer "Yes", "No" and "No Idea". (*Note: the four points about the ALiSEA membership criteria and status were the results from the consultation workshop held in July 2022*). One organization could make only one vote for each idea.

- o Welcome individual people based on specific criteria and set up specific role;
- o Welcome specialized journalists/media organization as member;



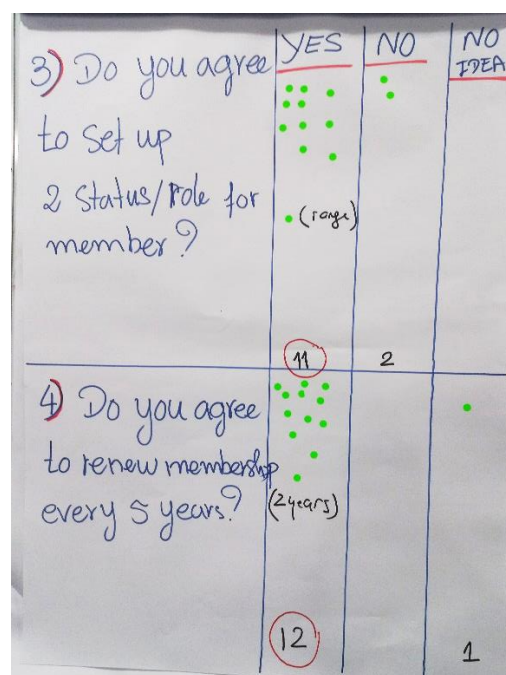
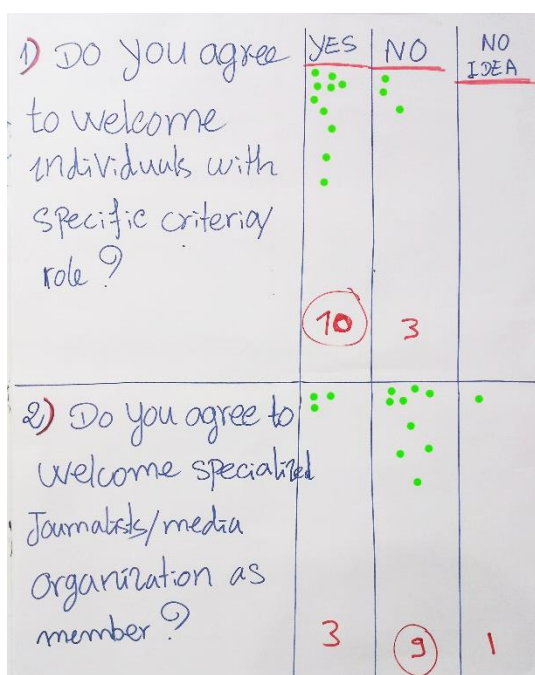
- o Set up 2 status/roles for members;
- o Renew membership every 5 years.

| No. | Vote  | Yes | No | No Idea | Total number of votes |
|-----|---|-----|----|---------|-----------------------|
| 1   | Welcome individual people based on specific criteria and set up specific role | 10  | 3  | 0       | 13                    |
| 2   | Welcome specializing journalists/media organization as member                 | 3   | 9  | 1       | 13                    |
| 3   | Set up 2 status/roles for members   | 11  | 2  | 0       | 13                    |
| 4   | Renew membership every 5 years  | 12  | 0  | 1       | 13                    |

As a result, the participants confirmed that

- (i) Individuals can become ALiSEA member but need specific criteria such as current work and studies;
- (ii) Journalists are NOT allowed to be ALiSEA members due to lack of criteria;
- (iii) It is necessary to define two membership statues;
- (iv) Renewal period for members but every 2 years as more appropriate timeframe to ensure the network sustainability;

#### The vote result



In the next section, participants discussed about each scenario of the ALiSEA internal structure. The objective of this section was to initiate discussions and collect suggestions, questions and possible concerns from members on internal structuration and governance of the ALiSEA Network. This is a long-term process; therefore, no decision will be taken at the end of this General Assembly.

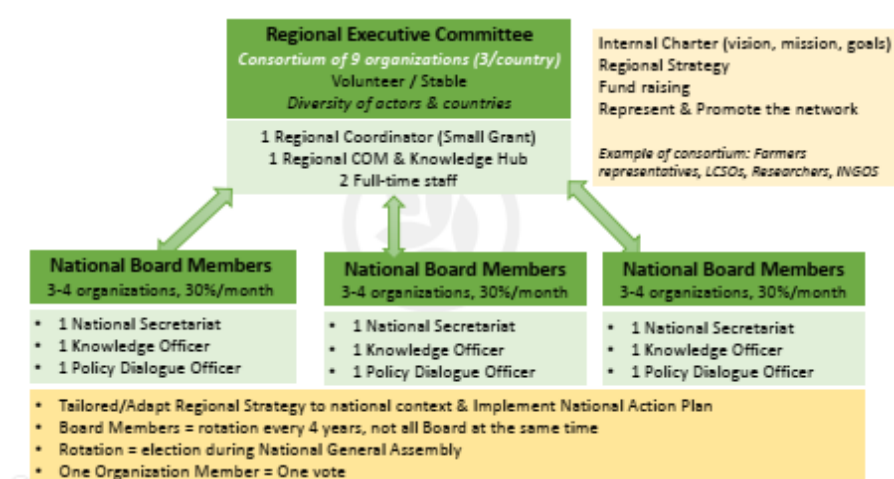
It was agreed that a further working session between the BM members from the 3 countries will be organized in the coming months and, that the final decision on the scenario would be taken at the Regional General Assembly.

### Scenario 1: Current situation

| REGIONAL LEVEL :<br>1 organization: GRET, 4 people  | NATIONAL LEVEL :<br>Board Members, 4 organizations , 20%/month   |
|---|--|
| <b>TEAM</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 Coordinator : 25%</li> <li>• 1 Social Media &amp; Website Officer: 100%</li> <li>• 1 Small Grant Manager &amp; Support BM: 100%</li> <li>• 1 National Coordinator: 50%</li> </ul>                                | <b>TEAM</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 National Secretariat : networking &amp; COM = <b>CASRAD</b></li> <li>• 1 Knowledge Management Officer = <b>CISDOMA</b></li> <li>• 1 Small Grant Officer = <b>Climate Change Insitute</b></li> <li>• 1 ToC/M&amp;E Officer = <b>NOMAFSI</b></li> <li>• 1 Policy Dialogue Officer = <b>CARES</b></li> </ul> |
| <b>ROLE</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Promote the Network</li> <li>• Small Grant Facility Guidelines &amp; Implementation of the process</li> <li>• Communication Implementation and tools (website, FB)</li> <li>• Regional General Assembly</li> </ul> | <b>ROLE</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Promote the Network</li> <li>• Co-develop National Strategy &amp; action plan</li> <li>• Facilitate and implement Activities</li> <li>• Facilitate National General Assembly</li> </ul>   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ 1 Internal Charter = mission, values, objectives</li> <li>➤ 1 Communication Strategy</li> <li>➤ 1 Common identity = name, logo</li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ 1 National Action Plan to take into account national specifics and ensure members ownership</li> </ul>  |

*Comment: more involvement of young people into the BM*

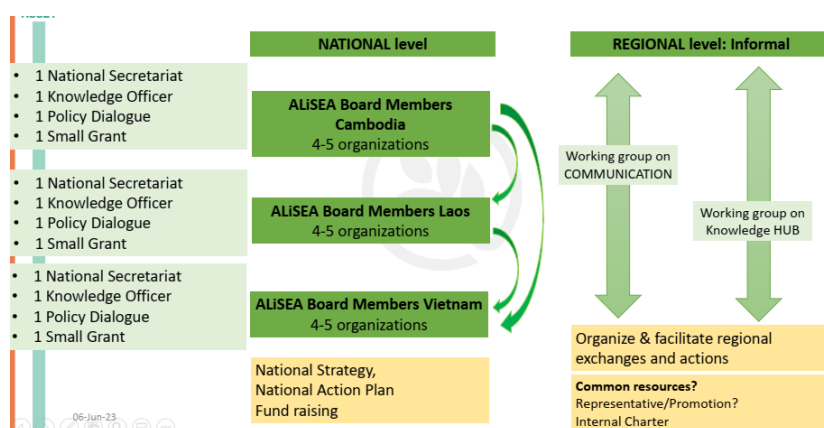
## Scenario 2: Focus on strong regional dimension



- *Advantages*: boost national activities and learn from other countries.

- *Disadvantages*: reduce the attractiveness of members and meaningful activities at national level.

## Scenario 3: Focus on national dynamics



- *Advantages*: suitable for Vietnamese situation; focus on empowering the national dynamic and board members as priority

- *Disadvantages*: lack of working time for the National Secretariat.

## Way Forward: Next steps to reach a decision on Scenario

- 1) Consolidate and Build on feedback and recommendations made at the General Assembly in the 3 countries: Cambodia, Laos, Vietnam (November 2022 – January 2023);
- 2) Online Regional Webinar to invite other existing Networks to share their experience and suggestions (tentatively April 2023);
- 3) Working Sessions between the national Board Members of 3 countries to develop a proposal (February to June 2023);
- 4) Present proposals and take decision at the Regional General Assembly (tentatively October 2023).

## 5. National Foresight and Theory of Change Results

The results of the national foresight and theory of change workshop held in October 2022, was presented by Mr. Pham Hoi (CARES). His presentation highlighted the objectives, participants

and approach of the workshop, including results on present and future status of agroecology in Vietnam, transition pathways and expected results of the workshop.

The national ToC workshop was based on three steps as follows:

- Step 1 - Current situation analysis: Identifying the obstacles, opportunities, and trends to shape the future
- Step 2 - Back casting: Identifying steps leading to the dream scenario and build pathway from the future to the present
- Step 3 - Building a common scenario: Developing the dream vision towards 2045

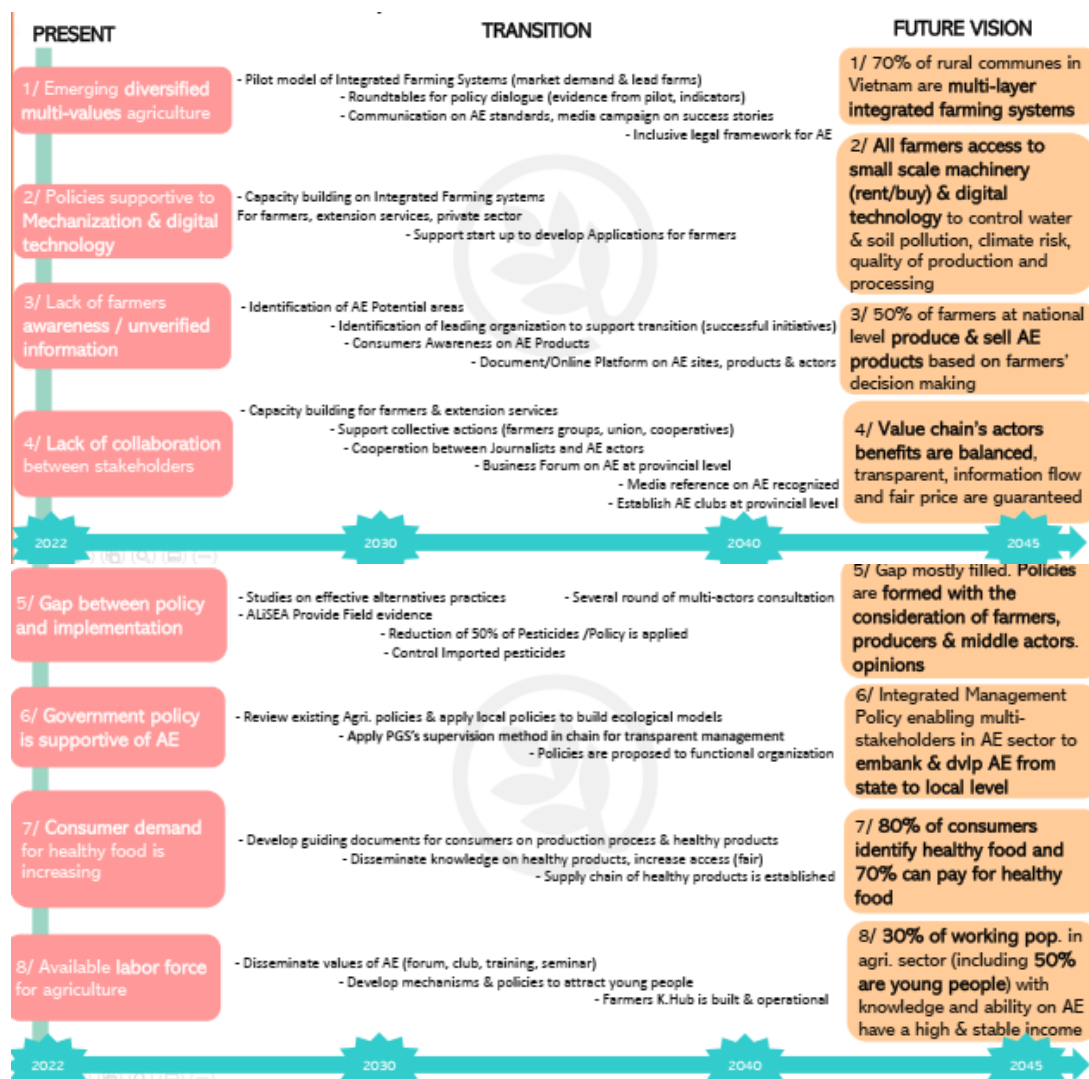
For step 1, the obstacles to the agroecology transition in Vietnam cover three main domains, including (i) economics (low productivity, higher price for agroecological products, affordability for consumers, lack of private sector engagement, affective agricultural assurance, and agroecological inputs suppliers), (ii) social aspects (smallholder farmers, confused information and lack of awareness, trust and collaboration between stakeholders) and (iii) governance (lack of integration in land policy and gap between policy and implementation).

In contrast, the agroecology transition in Vietnam has corresponding opportunities such as young human resource, increasing consumer demand and quick digital transformation in economic aspects; social responsibility of private enterprises, well-established education system on sustainable agriculture, religious and spiritual values in social aspects; public awareness and natural condition in the environmental issues; and the government's commitment and multi-stakeholders to promote agroecology transition. In the future, the trends will be large scale farming, digitalization, local circuits and sovereignty; ageing population or loss of labor; landscape agroecology; and standardization or certification.

For step 2, a vision of agroecology in Vietnam were mapped following:

- Farmer: 70% of rural communes in Vietnam are multi-layer integrated farming systems, 50% of farmers at national level produce and sell AE products, 30% of the active population are working in agriculture, 50% of them are youth, Farmers use advanced technology in production and processing, including control of water and soil pollution, climate risk.
- Value chain actors and consumers: Value chain actors' benefits are balanced, there is transparent information flow and fair price; 80% of consumers know how to identify healthy food and 70% can pay for healthy products: healthy food that is trustable, transparent, accessible, affordable.
- Policy: Integrated management policy enabling multi-stakeholders within the agroecology sector and multi sectors to embank and develop agroecology from state to local level.

For step 3, transition pathways for Vietnam were proposed following diagram:



| No | Transition Pathways   | Number of voting |
|----|---|------------------|
| 1  | Emerging diversified multi-values agriculture               | 5                |
| 2  | Policies supportive to mechanization & digital technology   | 3                |
| 3  | <b>Lack of farmers awareness and unverified information</b> | <b>7</b>         |
| 4  | <b>Lack of collaboration between stakeholders</b>           | <b>8</b>         |
| 5  | Gap between policy and implementation                       | 1                |
| 6  | <b>Government policy is supportive of Agroecology</b>       | <b>6</b>         |
| 7  | Consumer demand for healthy food is increasing              | 5                |
| 8  | Available labor force for agriculture                       | 1                |

As the result, the majority of participants voted for the three (3) priority pathways listed below:

1. Lack of collaboration between stakeholders (reinforce capacity building of farmers, extension services, cooperation with journalists, business forum on agroecology);

2. Lack of farmers' awareness and unverified information: Inadequate documentation for farmers and common practices of agro-product purchase without government certification;
3. Government policy is supportive of Agroecology: Integrated Management Policy enabling multi-stakeholders in Agroecology sector to embank & develop Agroecology from state to local level.

The workshop agreed that the results of National Foresight and Theory of Change is to design the national action plans, inspire the members' strategy and proposal development, and guide the priority topics for the Small Grant proposals.

## 6. Taking Action for ALiSEA Next Activities Program

The workshop led to a number of following activities that should be integrated in the action plan:

- Raising awareness of students (high school/university) on agroecology, sharing experience from the field, capacity building of teacher in charge of agriculture in the high school, develop school garden.
- How to engage with students and universities and contribute to transportation to organize field visit on agroecology with ALiSEA members.
- Develop communication/awareness tool-kit to be used by all ALiSEA members.
- ALiSEA network should develop training tool for agroecology practices.
- Importance to organize exchange visit to see concrete demonstration farms.
- ALiSEA should document successful initiatives in the Delta region of Vietnam.

## 7. ALiSEA Communication Strategy and Action Plan

The objective is to improve internal and external communication and transform ALiSEA multimedia into a knowledge hub. A participatory approach is being applied from user needs assessment to consultation workshops and regular meetings. Progress is illustrated as follows:



From 2021, BM meetings concluded that internal communication is to exchange information among the members, promote the members' activities and then share the specific topics while external communication is to promote the network and the members' activities, exchange information with the audiences and other networks such as policy makers, consumers, farmers, journalists, etc.

In 2022, an online survey across three countries (Laos, Vietnam, and Cambodia) and a survey were conducted to assess the need for internal communication. The results confirmed the need to improve the exchange and collaboration among the members, an online tool to facilitate these exchanges, more informative and ludic content in each language, exchange of the topics, and communication channels (email and social network). The following consultation workshop in July 2022 suggested some tools to exchange information among the members that is a public forum for formal exchanges and hierarchized information and social network for informal information, i.e. Telegram for Cambodia, WhatsApp for Laos, and Zalo for Vietnam.

For the external communication, participants discussed a number of potential audiences, and then voted to define the objectives of the communication strategy including consumers, farmer groups, and researcher. As a result, participants identify the top 3 audience groups:

| No | Group of audience                    | Number of voting |
|----|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| 1  | Farmer group                         | <b>14</b>        |
| 2  | Researcher                           | <b>13</b>        |
| 3  | Consumers group                      | <b>8</b>         |
| 4  | Policy maker at national level group | 6                |
| 5  | Donor                                | 3                |
| 6  | Local Authorities                    | 1                |
| 7  | Journalist                           | 1                |

The following step is the finalization and validation of ALiSEA communication strategy and action plan.

## 8. Conclusion

The National General Assembly in Vietnam has been rich and fruitful paving the way for the internal structuring and governance of the network, taking decisions on the priority issues to be addressed by the network and main activities to be implemented in 2023. The forward pathways were agreed that

- At the national level, the ALiSEA Board Members will develop a detailed action plan for the network building upon the discussions and outcomes of the General Assembly and
- At the regional level, the first Regional General Assembly workshop will be organized in 2023 to take decision on the structuration and organization.



## 9. Annexes

### Annexe 1. Workshop agenda

| Time                    | Activities  | Speaker/Facilitator  |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| 08:00-8:30am            | Registration of the participants  | GRET Vietnam   |
| 8:30-9:00am<br>(30min)  | <b>Introduction Session</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Welcome Speech</li> <li>Welcome new national secretariat and new members of 2022</li> <li>ALiSEA progress activities 2021/2022</li> </ol>  | Dao The Anh,<br>(VAAS)<br>Mr. Nguyen Tien Da<br>(PHANO)<br>Lucie Reynaud<br>(GRET)   |
| 9:00-10:00am<br>(1h)    | <b>Regional and National Results of the Small Grant Call for Proposal 2022 (10 min):</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CGFED &amp; PAN-AP: <i>Strengthening community capacity in monitoring pesticides use and promoting agroecology in Nam Dinh province - For A Non-Toxic Environment</i> (10min)</li> <li>SPERI &amp; Farmers Union: <i>Supporting the transition towards more diversified farming system by developing experimental cultivation of native medicinal herbs and edible herbs on upland farming areas, Kon Tum province</i> (10min)</li> <li>CARES &amp; Field Crops Research Institute: <i>Eco-weed control: a participatory experimentation PGS organic vegetable farms in Hanoi and Hoa Binh province, Vietnam</i> (10min)</li> </ol> | Lucie Reynaud<br>(GRET)<br><br>Ms. Nguyen Kim Thuy (CGFED)<br>video<br><br>Ms. Dien Kien<br>(SPERI)<br><br>Dr. Pham Van Hoi<br>(CARES) |
| 10:00-10:20am           | Coffee break  |  |
| 10:20-12:00pm<br>(1h40) | <b>ALiSEA Internal Structure and Organization</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Summary of the results and consultation held in July (15min)               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Membership criteria, validation process</li> <li>Board members rotation</li> </ul> </li> </ul> Questions/answer <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Present and consult members on different potential scenarios: Plenary session using mentimeter (show the tendencies, why do you think this scenario would be appropriate?)</li> <li>Feedback on which scenario is most appropriate and should be further explored by the Board Members</li> </ul>   | Lucie Reynaud<br>(GRET)  |
| 12:00-1:30pm            | Lunch break   |  |

| Time                     | Activities   | Speaker/Facilitator  |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| 1:30pm-2:15pm<br>(45min) | <b>TAKE ACTION</b><br><b>1/ National Foresight and theory of change: results at regional level</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Perspectives from Vietnam: present the participatory approach, vision 2045, obstacles/opportunities, nine pathways and three expected results (15min):</li> <li>Q/A Session (20min)</li> </ul>   | Dr. Pham Van Hoi (CARES)<br><br>Lucie Reynaud (GRET)   |
| 2:15pm-3:30pm<br>(1h15)  | <b>TAKE ACTION</b><br><b>2/ Group Discussion:</b> participants split into 3 groups <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Which pathways are the priorities for ALiSEA? - vote by sticker and explain why ALiSEA has added-value</li> <li>What are the priorities and concrete activities should be implemented by ALiSEA in short term (in 2023) and mid-term (3 years) according to these pathways?</li> </ul> | Dr. Pham Van Hoi (CARES)<br>Ms. Thuy Thu Doan (CISDOMA)<br>Mr. Nguyen Tien Da (PHANO)<br><br>Mr. Pat Sovann and Lucie Reynaud (GRET) |
| 3:30pm-3:50pm            | Coffee break   |  |
| 3:50pm-4:30pm<br>(40min) | <b>3/ Restitution of the 3 groups</b><br><br>Next step: detailed action plan will be developed by ALiSEA Board Members and share with members  |  |
| 4:30pm-5:00pm<br>(30min) | <b>ALiSEA Communication Strategy and Action Plan</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Present the main outlines of internal and external communication (15min)</li> </ul> Q/A  | Ms. Thuy Thu Doan (CISDOMA)  |
| 5min                     | <b>Conclusion</b>  | Lucie Reynaud (GRET)   |

## Annexe 2. Workshop participants

| No. | Full name                | Organization  | Position                                | Email                        |
|-----|--------------------------|---|---|------------------------------|
| 1   | Le Thi Xa                | Pedagogy Department,<br>Soc Trang Community<br>College                                      | Lecturer                                | ltxa@stcc.edu.vn             |
| 2   | Truong Hong<br>Suong     | Y-Farm Can Tho  | Manager                                 | truonghongsuong91@gmail.com  |
| 3   | Ho Ngoc Son              | ADC, Thai Nguyen<br>University of<br>Agriculture and Forestry                               | Lecturer                                | hongocson@tuaf.edu.vn        |
| 4   | Tran Thi Linh<br>Nham    | Agricultural<br>Department, Bac Lieu<br>University (Mekong<br>Organic)                      | Lecturer                                | ttlatham@blu.edu.vn          |
| 5   | Vu Dinh Tuan             | Department of<br>Environment, Hanoi<br>University of Science -<br>VNU                       | Lecturer                                | vudinhtuaniae@gmail.com      |
| 6   | Le Van Hung              | Institute for Research<br>and Application of<br>Environmental<br>Treatment (IET)            | Researcher                              | levanhungbtnmt@gmail.com     |
| 7   | Nguyen Thi Ai<br>Nghia   | Department of<br>Experimental Methods<br>and Biostatistics,<br>Faculty of Agronomy,<br>VNUA | Lecturer                                | nguyennghia.hua@gmail.com    |
| 8   | Nguyen Thi<br>Ngoc Dinh  | Department of<br>Experimental Methods<br>and Biostatistics,<br>Faculty of Agronomy,<br>VNUA | Lecturer                                | ngocdinhau1@gmail.com        |
| 9   | Doan Thu<br>Thuy         | CISDOMA   | Staff                                   | thuy.dt@cisdoma.org.vn       |
| 10  | Tu Tuyen<br>Nhunh        | PGS Vietnam   | Manager                                 | nhungadda@gmail.com          |
| 11  | Nguyen Thi<br>Trang      | VOAA  | Project officer                         | trang9099.vn@gmail.com       |
| 12  | Tran Thi Hanh            | Bio- organic<br>Technology Center of<br>Research, Transfer and<br>Service (Bio-TCORTS)      | Director                                | tranthihanhbio@gmail.com     |
| 13  | Le Huy Cong              | Agrisud International   | Country<br>Representative<br>to Vietnam | clehuy@agrisud.org           |
| 14  | Nguyen Thi<br>Thanh Hang | Agrisud International   | Officer                                 | thanhhang.nguyen@hotmail.com |
| 15  | Nguyen Tien<br>Da        | PHANO   | Researcher                              | da.nguyentien.htnn@gmail.com |
| 16  | Le Viet Dung             | NOMAFSI   | Researcher                              | levietdung86@gmail.com       |
| 17  | Dao The Anh              | VAAS  | Deputy Director                         | daotheanh@gmail.com          |

| <b>No.</b> | <b>Full name</b>   | <b>Organization</b>  | <b>Position</b>               | <b>Email</b>                   |
|------------|--------------------|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 18         | Nhu Thi Khanh Ly   | Environment and Natural Resource Newspaper                                   | Journalist                    | ntkly@baotainguyenmoitruong.vn |
| 19         | Dinh Thi Huyen     | Tay Bac, Northwest Investment and Development Company                        | Director                      | Huyendinh1982@gmail.com        |
| 20         | Nguyen Hong Hanh   | VNUA   | Lecturer                      | Honghanh29981@gmail.com        |
| 21         | Dang To Kien       | Social Policy Ecology Research Institute (SPERI)                             | Deputy Director               | dtkien@speri.org               |
| 22         | Hoang Van Dao      | People committee of commune of Po E, Kong Plong district, Kon Tum Province   | President                     |                                |
| 23         | Dinh Thai          | Farmer association of commune of Po E, Kong Plong district, Kon Tum Province | Farmers                       |                                |
| 24         | Le Hong Giang      | SPERI  | Field Project Officer         | lhgiang1212@gmail.com          |
| 25         | Nguyen Phuong Binh | SPERI  | Communication Project Officer | npbinhsperi@gmail.com          |
| 26         | Pham Van Hoi       | CARES  | Director                      | phamhoi@gmail.com              |
| 27         | Pham Thi Thu Huong | Field Crops Research Institute   | Researcher                    | thithuhuong.pham@gmail.com     |
| 28         | Lucie Reynaud      | GRET   | Regional manager              | reynaud@gret.org               |
| 29         | Pat Sovann         | GRET   | Regional staff                | pat.cambodia@gret.org          |
| 30         | François Enten     | GRET   | Scientific Director           | enten@gret.org                 |

### Annexe 3. Photos



**Participants in the workshop**



**CARES to present the proposal**





**SPERI to present the proposal**



**Discussions during the workshop**



Discussions during the workshop





**ALiSEA**  
Agro-ecology Learning alliance in South East Asia

**Đồng tổ chức**







**Hỗ trợ kỹ thuật**





**Nhà tài trợ**



## HỘI THẢO TỔNG KẾT NĂM CỦA ALiSEA VIỆT NAM

**Thời gian:** Thứ Ba, ngày 29/11/2022, từ 8:30am - 5:00 pm

**Địa điểm:** Khách sạn Adonis, Số 55 Quang Trung, Q. Hai Bà Trưng, Hà Nội

**Ngôn ngữ:** Tiếng Anh và Tiếng Việt

**Thành phần:** Các thành viên mạng lưới ALiSEA

**Mục đích:** Chia sẻ các kết quả (bao gồm cập nhật về quỹ nghiên cứu), tham vấn về cơ cấu tổ chức của mạng lưới, và thảo luận kế hoạch trong những năm tới

**Đăng ký tham dự:** <https://forms.gle/LpSai6wHdTAJ12yQ8>

**Thông tin liên hệ:** Ô. Nguyễn Tiến Đà, Thư ký mạng lưới ALiSEA tại Việt Nam, ĐT: 0986492556; Email: [da.nguyentien.htnn@gmail.com](mailto:da.nguyentien.htnn@gmail.com)


<https://ali-sea.org/>

[@agroecologylearningallianceinvietnam](https://www.facebook.com/agroecologylearningallianceinvietnam)

The workshop poster



## The workshop on the news



For more details (in Vietnamese)

<https://baotainguyenmoitruong.vn/phat-huy-loi-ich-da-chieu-tu-nong-nghiep-sinh-thai-347520.html>