



# Development and Partnership in Action

ALiSEA Network Meeting

## EXPERIENCE ON POLICY DIALOGUE

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DPA Executive Director

10 December 2021, Phnom Penh



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1. Why do we need to engage in the policy dialogue?
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# 1) ??Why do we need to engage in the policy dialogue??

- Active citizen
- Contribute to ensure transparent process
- Effective and meaningful participation
- Policy that equitably benefited by public and communities

## 2. Policy dialogue process



a. Scoping study on the enabling policy environment

b. Review policy and analyze policy constrains



c. Pre consultation meetings and consultation workshop

d. Reflection workshop (after the consultation workshop)

## a. Scoping study on the enabling policy environment




Context and stakeholder analysis

Developing influencing and communication strategies

Building relationship with champions at the relevant ministries

Strengthening allies with the networks and individual experts





# Fifth Meeting of the Regional Technical Working Group on Environmental Impact Assessment

9-11 January 2017

Yangon, Myanmar



## DPA INFLUENCING AND COMMUNICATION STRATEGIES

Prepared by: DPA  
Reviewed by: DPA Staff  
Edited by: DPA Executive Director  
Approved by: DPA Management Committee  
Date: 27 October 2019

### I. Audients

a. **Primary Targets** (the institutions, and the particular people in them, who have power to contribute directly to the adoption of policy objectives). Prioritize your targets.

- i. Champion: MME and MoE
- ii. Blockers: Local authority in Preah Vihear, Mondulkiri, Ratanakiri, Stung Treng, Kampong Thom and Siem Reap, Chinese mining companies, Military/tycoon
- iii. Swingers: EISEI network members, informal networks of NGOs, Oxfam America, HBF, Vishnu Law Group, CAMEC, Chinese Chamber of Commerce, Vishnu Law Group, and affected communities

b. **Secondary Targets** (those who have significant influence on the primary targets)

- i. Companies who are practicing the basic principle of CSR in Cambodia (Angkor Gold and Mesco Gold)
- ii. Sub-national government agencies (Provincial Department of Mine and Energy and Provincial Department of Environment)
- iii. ~~MINED~~



## b. Review policy and analyze policy constrains



Deeper analysis of policy  
(identification of  
constrains and gaps)

Proposing suggestions/  
inputs/comments)

Developing plans (A  
or/and B) for  
injecting comments/  
inputs





ព្រះរាជាណាចក្រកម្ពុជា  
ជាតិ សាសនា ព្រះមហាក្សត្រ

ច្បាប់  
ស្តីពី

ការគ្រប់គ្រងប្រេងកាត និង  
ផលិតផលប្រេងកាត



រៀបចំដោយក្រសួងព័ត៌មានជាតិ  
អគ្គនាយកដ្ឋានប្រៃសណីយ៍  
ឆ្នាំ២០១៨



ព្រះរាជាណាចក្រកម្ពុជា  
ជាតិ សាសនា ព្រះមហាក្សត្រ

ព្រះរាជក្រឹត្យ

រាជរដ្ឋាភិបាលកម្ពុជា

គោលនយោបាយជាតិស្តីពី  
ធនធានរ៉ែឆ្នាំ២០១៨-២០២៨



រៀបចំដោយក្រសួងព័ត៌មានជាតិ  
ខែឧសភា ឆ្នាំ២០១៨

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## c. Pre consultation meetings



Pre-consultation meetings

# National Consultation Workshop

The written comments and recommendations on the policy and clear tasks are prepared and presented.



Public consultation on Draft Petroleum

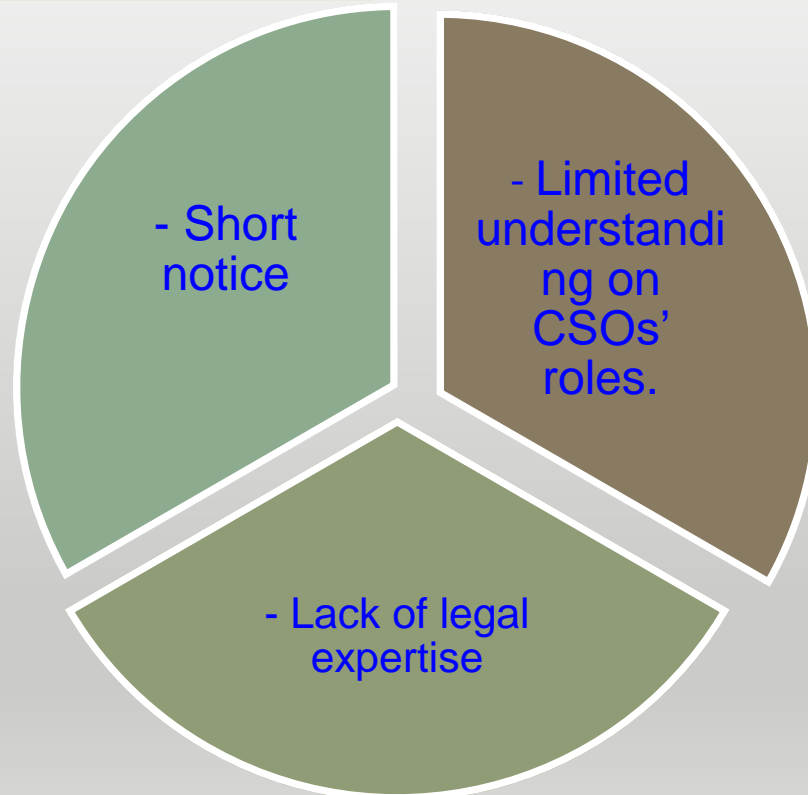


## d. Reflection workshop



This reflection workshop is organized (after the national consultation workshop) to identify how much comments accepted, lessons learnt and areas to be improved.

### 3) Challenges



## 4. Recommendations and Lessons learnt

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- Having plan and resources
- Findings and analytical inputs from a research are injected in the policy development
- Wider consultation with different stakeholders, especially separate consultation meetings with the women and youth
- Monitoring the progress of the policy revision and endorsement



**Thank You for Your Attention!**

